Table 10. Major assumptions affecting aggregate projections, 1980, 1990, 2000, and projected 2010

		Billions of chained 1996 dollars				Average annual		
Exogenous variables	(unless otherwise noted)				rates of change			
	1980	1990	2000	2010	1980-90	1990-2000	2000-10	
Energy related:								
Refiners' crude oil acquisition cost (dollars per barrel)	\$33.97	\$22.20	\$27.68	\$26.63	-4.2	2.2	-0.4	
Electric utility fuel usecoal share (as percentage of total fuel use)	50.8	52.9	51.7	49.3	0.4	-0.2	-0.5	
Fuel efficiency, all autos (miles per gallon)	12.4	17.6	19.9	21.3	3.6	1.3	0.7	
Tax related:								
Effective Federal personal tax rate	23.2	21.0	22.9	20.9	-1.0	0.9	-0.9	
Effective Federal corporate tax rate	40.1	33.7	31.7	29.8	-1.7	-0.6	-0.6	
Effective Federal social insurance tax rate	11.8	14.5	14.3	13.4	2.1	-0.2	-0.7	
Federal gasoline tax (cents per gallon)	4.0	10.6	19.5	19.5	10.3	6.3	0.0	
Fiscal policy related:								
Defense compensation	\$157.8	\$172.9	\$120.9	\$116.8	0.9	-3.5	-0.3	
Other defense consumption expenditures	80.2	135.0	110.8	114.0	5.4	-2.0	0.3	
Defense gross investment expenditures	30.8	73.2	54.7	87.2	9.0	-2.9	4.8	
Nondefense compensation	79.5	83.2	79.5	70.2	0.5	-0.4	-1.2	
Other nondefense consumption expenditures	32.8	44.8	48.7	50.8	3.2	0.9	0.4	
Nondefense gross investment expenditures	15.9	23.5	42.9	82.8	4.0	6.2	6.8	
Federal housing subsidies (current dollars)	5.5	15.5	19.8	26.4	10.9	2.5	2.9	
Federal transfer payments, medicare	95.6	141.9	195.8	329.8	4.0	3.3	5.4	
Federal grants-in-aid, medicaid	38.3	56.9	108.3	169.1	4.0	6.6	4.6	
Federal grants-in-aid, other than medicaid	106.5	79.1	112.6	150.8	-2.9	3.6	3.0	

Sources: Historical data, Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Geological Survey, Energy Information Administration, Federal Highway Administration; projected data, Bureau of Labor Statistics.